

# Prep IV

Tónsvið g - g'', M.M = 60, tónstigar leiknir í áttundapartsnótum

C-dúr c' - c'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Bar.

Príhljómur í C-dúr

G-dúr g - g'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Bar.

Príhljómur í G-dúr

Bar.

Bb-dúr bes - bes' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Bar.

Príhljómur í Bb-dúr

D-dúr d' - d'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Bar.

Príhljómur í D-dúr

F-dúr f' - f'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Bar.

Príhljómur í F-dúr

Laghæfur a-moll a - a' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Þríhljómur í a-moll

Bar.

Laghæfur h-moll h - h' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Þríhljómur í h-moll

Bar.

Laghæfur d-moll d' - d'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Þríhljómur í d-moll

Bar.

Laghæfur g-moll g - g'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Þríhljómur í g-moll

Bar.

Laghæfur e-moll e' - e'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Þríhljómur í e-moll

Bar.

Krómatískur tónstigi bes - f'' ( $\text{♩} = 60$ )

Bar.

Bar.

Krómatískur tónstigi c' - e" (  $\text{♩} = 60$  )

Bar.

A musical staff for a baritone horn. It starts with a common time signature and a treble clef. The key signature changes through various sharps and flats across the staff. The notes are mostly eighth notes, forming a continuous chromatic scale from C' up to E''. The staff ends with a sharp sign indicating the end of the scale.

Bar.

A musical staff for a baritone horn, continuing from the previous bar. It shows a continuation of the chromatic scale, with notes primarily in eighth-note pairs. The key signature changes frequently, reflecting the chromatic nature of the scale. The staff ends with a sharp sign.